#### DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 124 449

50 009 142

AUTHOP TITLE

Blackwell, Diana E.

Economic and Social Diversity within the Urban Setting: Focus on the American City. Instructional

Activities Series.

INSTITUTION

National Council for Geographic Education. 4

PEPORT NO

IA/E-4 75

PUB DATE NOTE

8p.; For related documents, see ED 096 235 and SO 009

140 through 167

AVAILABLE FROM

NCGE Central Office, 115 North Marion Street, Oak Park, Illinois 60301 (\$.50, elementary set \$6.25)

EDRS PRICE DESCRIPTORS MF-\$0.83 Plus Postage. HC Not Available from EDRS. \*City Problems; Demography; Elementary Education; \*Geographic Distribution; Geography; \*Geography Instruction; \*Learning Activities; Map Skills; Role Playing; Social Studies; Socioeconomic Influences;

Teacher Developed Materials; \*Urban Studies

IDENTIFIERS

Indiana (Gary)

#### ABSTRACT

This activity, the fourth in the elementary set of teacher-developed instructional activities for teaching geography, focuses on knowledge and cognitive processes of economic and social diversity within an urban setting. Content includes the economic and social structure and problems of American cities as exemplified by Gary, Indiana. The processes stressed are classifying, interpreting, evaluating, and decision making. Maps constructed from census data serve as the source for raising questions and developing hypotheses concerning correlations, causes, and consequences of the city's structure and problems. Role playing and sociometric mapping techniques are employed as a means for considering criteria used to evaluate people. See SO 909 140 for a general description and explanation of the elementary and secondary sets that comprise this series. (Author/ND)

Documents acquired by ERIC include many informal unpublished \* materials not available from other sources. ERIC makes every effort \* to obtain the best copy available. Nevertheless, items of marginal \* reproducibility are often encountered and this affects the quality \* of the microfiche and hardcopy reproductions ERIC makes available \* via the ERIC Document Reproduction Service (EDRS). EDRS is not st responsible for the quality of the original document. Reproductions st\* supplied by EDRS are the best that can be made from the original. 





# National Council for Geographic Education Copyright 1975

INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITIES SERIES

IA/E-4

## ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DIVERSITY WITHIN THE URBAN SETTING:

PERMITS ON TO REPRODUCE THE STOPPER SHEED WATER AS BY MICRO PICHE ONLY HAV BEEN SHANTED BY

TO ERIC AND ORDANIZAT DAY OFFRAT INGUNDER AGREEVENT A THINE TA TIONAL INCTITUTE OF EDICATION FURTHER HEPRODUCT IN THINE THE ERIC SYSTEM REQUIRE WEAR DOWGS THE COPYR GHT OWNER FOCUS ON THE AMERICAN CITY

by

Diana E. Blackwell University of Georgia, Athens, Georgia U S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION & WELFARE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION

THIS DOCUMENT HAS BEEN REPRO-DUCED EXACTLY AS RECEIVED FROM THE PERSON OR ORGANIZATION ORIGIN-ATTING IT POINTS OF VIEW OR OPINIONS STATED DO NDT NECESSARILY REPRE-SENT OFFICIAL NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION POSITION OR POLICY

Knowledge and cognitive processes together provide the focus of this activity. The content includes the economic and social structure and the problems of American cities as exemplified by Gary, Indiana; the processes stressed are the thinking processes of classifying, interpreting, evaluating, and decision-making. Maps constructed from the census data serve as the source for raising questions and developing hypotheses concerning correlations, causes, and consequences of the city's structure and problems. Role-playing and sociometric mapping techniques are employed as means for considering criteria used to evaluate people.

### Mapping Objectives

- 1. Student uses appropriate symbols to depict phenomena.
  - a. Uses dots, lines, and colors to depict specific cultural phenomena.
  - b. Recognizes how symbols can show different quantitative distributions.
- 2. Student seeks co-relations and makes inferences through the comparison of data.

#### Mapping Procedures

- Collect data (data for study attached)
- 2. Group data
  - a. Determine the range of data highest and lowest by inspection.
  - b. For each data category round down the lowest entry to the small-est whole number and round up the highest entry to the largest whole number, e.g. 10035 to 10000, 21700 to 22000; 8.3 to 8.0; 12.7 to 13.0.

241 6000S PRICE

- c. Survey data and range and decide upon the number of groupings.
  - 1) Avoid too many or too few groups, 3-7 groups are most frequent
  - 2) Be sure groupings are of equal size.

Interval of 1 = 0, 1, 2, ... N or 8.0-8.9, 9.0-9.9, 10.0-10.9 ... N Interval of 5 = 20-24; 25-29, 31-34, ... N Interval of 2000 = 10,000-19,399; 20,000-21,999; 22,000-23,999, ... N

- 3) The number of entries within each group vary, some groups may be empty.
- 3. Select representation for groupings
  - a. Color discrete: red, blue, yellow, etc..
  - b. Color continuous: lowest pale blue to highest, dark blue.
  - c. Symbol discrete: A,B,C,...Z; \*,#,x, etc.
- 4. Map data
- 5. Seek correlations and interpretations of possible causes and consequences of data. This is the goal of mapping.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

Level I: Social studies education provides students with opportunities to develop their reasoning abilities in connection with social phenomena.

- Level II: (Behavioral Objective):
- 1. To develop map-making skills.
- 2. To develop map interpretation skills, hypothesizing about correlations and possible causes and consequences.
- 3. To develop awareness of human evaluation criteria.
- 4. To provide opportunities to make decisions regarding human evaluation.
- 5. To provide opportunities for student interaction among peers.

#### **PROCEDURES**

Mapping and Interpretation: Using the census tract map and a U.S. map, discuss and list possible occupations and problems of Gary, Indiana. Group students into small groups (2-4), have each group plot the data for one or two of the columns #1 through #6. Have groups develop questions and/or hypotheses concerning correlations, causes, and/or consequences of occupations, social situations, problems, and the completeness of the data. This lesson might then proceed into individualized research



of topics such as the steel industry, recreational facilities, etc., or into a similar study of the students' hometown, or into the role-playing lesson.

Role-playing: Have the students plot the racial column, #7. Discuss possible causes and consequences, including attitudes, of the racial distribution. Discuss possible criteria for people evaluation, such as, achievement: economic, social, political, educational status, interests, skills, talents, and ascriptive: race, sex, age. Distribute the ditto, "Who Lives Where?" and ask for volunteers to role-play. Allow for free discussion and interaction. Do not seek consensus. The goal of role-playing is the expression of various attitudes and consideration of possible consequences of the varying attitudes.

Socio-metric mapping: Prior to role-playing allow free choice in seating or grouping. Map the classroom distribution of students. After role-playing share the map with the students and discuss possible consequences of sexual, racial, intellectual, and home-locational discrimination, or lack thereof, with students.

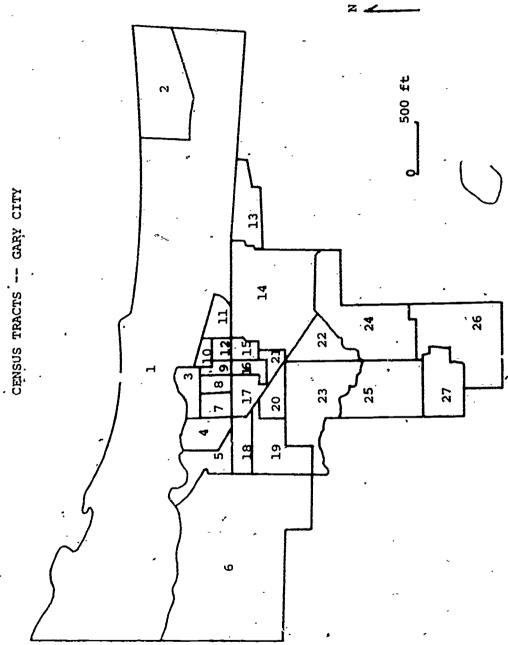
#### EVALUATION

Mapping: Have students compare their initial maps seeking and listing their map's strengths and weaknesses in regard to plotting and symbolizations and the ease and accuracy of interpretations. Compare student evaluation with teacher's.

Reasoning: Before mapping, and after each mapping and group work have students record their perception of the central problems, possible causes and consequences of those problems, and the limitations of the data. Compare and discuss the changes and growth of understanding.

Human evaluation: Prior to role-playing ask the students to list criteria for evaluation of human beings. Do the same after the role-playing and discussion experience. Discuss the changes in knowledge.

Ø#



₹	, #1	#2	•	Economi #3	c and So	cial D	ata: 0 #6	Gary, Indiana	<del>#</del> 7	
1.	\$5998	3.08	yes	£13950	9.82%	12.0	+23%	Craftsmen 448 Operatives 334 Lab.123/Prof.122	1/99	1.
2.	\$9350	1.23	no	\$21,700	3.445	12.6	+28%	Name 367 Profess. 331 Craftsmen 272.	1/99	2.
3.	\$5312	4.1%	yes	\$11500	11.62%	8.9	+ 3%	Craftsmem 329 Operatives 320 Eaborers 280	· 1/99	3. ·
4.	<del>\$</del> 7923	1.5%	yes	\$17800	685.	12.4	- 3%	Craftsmen 352 Profess. 264 Managers 254 Craftsmen 274	1/99.4	4.
5•	\$6950.	1.23	yes	\$13900	39.94%	11.9	n.a.	Operatives 188 Profess. 90 Craftsmen 1450	1/99	5.
6.	\$5291	2.8%	no	\$12400	8.24%	10.3	+96%		2 <b>5/</b> 75	6.
7•	36214	1.54	yes	\$15500	7.24 <sup>4</sup> ,	12.2	n.a.	Operatives 189 Profess. 187 Operatives 294	1/99	7.
8.	35485	2.5%	yes	\$13600	13.27%	11.0	- 4%	Craftsmen 287 Laborers 147 Laborers 274	1/99	8.
9•	54186	5.7%	yes	\$12800	12.67.5	8.8	n.a.	Operatives 266 Craftsmen 255 Craftsmen 344	1/99	9•
10.	-\$4279	3.3.3	yes	\$12600	4.55% ·	10.4	- 8%		1/99	10.
11.	\$6266		yes	312400	6.09%	10.8	,	Operatives 403 Laborers 179 Craftsmen 247	1/99	11.
12.	5157	4.3%	no	\$12100	20.42%	9.4	- 7.3	Operatives 244 Laborers 148 Craftsmen 460 Operatives 368 Han.121/Prof.119	1/99	12.
13.	37160	1.0%	no	\$13300	2.235	12.1	n.a.	Operatives 368 Man.121/Prof.119	<b>1/99</b>	13.
Tract Number	* Median Income	s Unemployed	Houses: Majority Juilt pre-1939	Valuation of Houses: owner occupied	Houses: % deterior- ating, delapidated	Schooling: Median Years	Population Change 1950-1960	Occupation: 1st, 2nd, 3rd ranking, Males	Racial: Ratio Black/"hite	Tract Number



14: .\$4624
Craftsmen 688 Craftsmen 98  15. \$5524\$ yes \$13800 .59% 8.9 -11% Operatives 67 Sales 34 Laborers 520  16. \$3333 5.4% yes \$14200 59.42% 8.0 - 7% Operatives 391 17. \$5327 2.6% yes \$12300 17.99% 8.5 - 5% Craftsmen 185 Operatives 304  18. \$5726 4.2% yes \$11100 23.26% 9.1 n.a. Operatives 222 1/78 18.  19. \$5263 4.2% no \$12500 19.16% 9.9 +38% Operatives 502 Taftsmen 523 Operatives 502 Operatives 502 Operatives 502 Operatives 304 Craftsmen 276 Craftsmen 523 Operatives 502 Operatives 502 Operatives 304 Craftsmen 174 Craftsmen 523 Operatives 502 Operatives 305 Operatives 306 Operatives 307 Operatives 307 Operatives 308 Operatives 309 Operatives 309 Operatives 309 Operatives 309 Operatives 309 Operatives 309 Operatives 346
Craftsmen   98   15.    15.
15. \$5524\$ yes \$13800 .59% 8.9 -11% Operatives 67 4/96 15. Sales 34 Laborers 520  16. \$3333 5.4% yes \$14200 59.42% 8.0 - 7% Operatives 391 24/76 16. Craftsmen 185 Operatives 304  17. \$5327 2.6% yes \$12300 17.99% 8.5 - 5% Craftsmen 289 32/67 17. Laborers 211 Craftsmen 276 Operatives 222 21/78 18. \$5726 4.2% yes \$11100 23.26% 9.1 n.a. Operatives 222 21/78 18. Laborers 174 Craftsmen 523 Operatives 330 Operatives 330 Operatives 330 Operatives 330 Operatives 331 20. \$4444 5.8% no \$12500 19.16% 9.9 +38% Operatives 502 76/24 19. Laborers 351 Laborers 351 Laborers 359 Operatives 351 Laborers 359 Operatives 359 Operatives 359 Operatives 360 Operati
Sales 34   Laborers 520   Sales 34   Laborers 520   Sales 34   Laborers 520   Sales 391   Sales 391   Sales 520
Laborers   520   14   16   18   18   18   18   18   18   18
16. \$3333 5.4% yes \$14200 59.42% 8.0 - 7% Operatives 391 24/76 16. Craftsmen 185 Operatives 304  17. \$5327 2.6% yes \$12300 17.99% 8.5 - 5% Craftsmen 289 32/67 17. Laborers 211 Craftsmen 276  18. \$5726 4.2% yes \$11100 23.26% 9.1 n.a. Operatives 222 21/78 18. Laborers 174 Craftsmen 523  19. \$5263 4.2% no \$12500 19.16% 9.9 +38% Operatives 300 Operatives 351  20. \$4444 5.8% no \$14200 26.66% 8.9 +65% Laborers 214 97/3 20. Craftsmen 141 Laborers 359  21. \$4044 7.6% yes \$12900 19.33% 8.5 - 3% Operatives 346 96/4 21. Craftsmen 196 Laborers 449  22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
Craftsmen 185 Operatives 304  17. \$5327 2.6% yes \$12300 17.9% 8.5 - 5% Craftsmen 289 Laborers 211 Craftsmen 276 Laborers 276  18. \$5726 4.2% yes \$11100 23.26% 9.1 n.a. Operatives 222 Laborers 174 Craftsmen 523  19. \$5263 4.2% no \$12500 19.16% 9.9 +38% Operatives 502 Laborers 330 Operatives 351  20. \$4444 5.8% no \$14200 26.66% 8.9 +65% Laborers 214 Craftsmen 141 Laborers 359  21. \$4044 7.6% yes \$12900 19.33% 8.5 - 3% Operatives 346 Craftsmen 196 Laborers 449  22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
17. \$5327 2.6% yes \$12300 17.9% 8.5 - 5% Craftsmen 289 32/67 17. Laborers 211 Craftsmen 276  18. \$5726 4.2% yes \$11100 23.26% 9.1 n.a. Operatives 222 21/78 18. Laborers 174 Craftsmen 523  19. \$5263 4.2% no \$12500 19.16% 9.9 +38% Operatives 502 76/24 19. Laborers 330 Operatives 351  20. \$4444 5.8% no \$14200 26.66% 8.9 +65% Laborers 214 97/3 20. Craftsmen 141 Laborers 359  21. \$4044 7.6% yes \$12900 19.33% 8.5 - 3% Operatives 346 96/4 21. Craftsmen 196 Laborers 449  22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
17. \$5327 2.6% yes \$12300 17.99% 8.5 - 5% Craftsmen 289 32/67 17.  Laborers 211 Craftsmen 276  18. \$5726 4.2% yes \$11100 23.26% 9.1 n.a. Operatives 222 21/78 18.  Laborers 174 Craftsmen 523  19. \$5263 4.2% no \$12500 19.16% 9.9 +38% Operatives 502 76/24 19.  Laborers 330 Operatives 351  20. \$4444 5.8% no \$14200 26.66% 8.9 +65% Laborers 214 97/3 20. Craftsmen 141 Laborers 359  21. \$4044 7.6% yes \$12900 19.33% 8.5 - 3% Operatives 346 Craftsmen 196 Laborers 449  22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
Laborers 211 Craftsmen 276  18. \$5726 4.2% yes \$11100 23.26% 9.1 n.a. Operatives 222 21/78 18.  Laborers 174 Craftsmen 523  19. \$5263 4.2% no \$12500 19.16% 9.9 +38% Operatives 502 76/24 19.  Laborers 330 Operatives 351  20. \$4444 5.8% no \$14200 26.66% 8.9 +65% Laborers 214 97/3 20.  Craftsmen 141 Laborers 359  21. \$4044 7.6% yes \$12900 19.33% 8.5 - 3% Operatives 346 Craftsmen 196 Laborers 449  22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
Craftsmen 276 Operatives 222 21/78 18.  18. \$5726 4.2% yes \$11100 23.26% 9.1 n.a. Operatives 222 21/78 18.  Laborers 174 Craftsmen 523 Operatives 330 Operatives 330 Operatives 351  20. \$4444 5.8% no \$14200 26.66% 8.9 +65% Laborers 214 Craftsmen 141 Laborers 359  21. \$4044 7.6% yes \$12900 19.33% 8.5 - 3% Operatives 346 Craftsmen 196 Laborers 449  22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
18. \$5726 4.2% yes \$11100 23.26% 9.1 n.a. Operatives 222 21/78 18. Laborers 174 Craftsmen 523  19. \$5263 4.2% no \$12500 19.16% 9.9 +38% Operatives 502 76/24 19. Laborers 330 Operatives 351  20. \$4444 5.8% no \$14200 26.66% 8.9 +65% Laborers 214 97/3 20. Craftsmen 141 Laborers 359  21. \$4044 7.6% yes \$12900 19.33% 8.5 - 3% Operatives 346 Craftsmen 196 Laborers 449  22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
Laborers 174 Craftsmen 523  19. \$5263 4.2% no \$12500 19.16% 9.9 +38% Operatives 502 Laborers 330 Operatives 351  20. \$4444 5.8% no \$14200 26.66% 8.9 +65% Laborers 214 Craftsmen 141 Laborers 359  21. \$4044 7.6% yes \$12900 19.33% 8.5 - 3% Operatives 346 Craftsmen 196 Laborers 449  22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
19. \$5263 4.2% no \$12500 19.16% 9.9 +38% Operatives 502 76/24 19. Laborers 330 Operatives 351 20. \$4444 5.8% no \$14200 26.66% 8.9 +65% Laborers 214 97/3 20. Craftsmen 141 Laborers 359 21. \$4044 7.6% yes \$12900 19.33% 8.5 - 3% Operatives 346 96/4 21. Craftsmen 196 Laborers 449 22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
19. \$5263 4.2% no \$12500 19.16% 9.9 +38% Operatives 502 76/24 19. Laborers 330 Operatives 351 20. \$4444 5.8% no \$14200 26.66% 8.9 +65% Laborers 214 97/3 20. Craftsmen 141 Laborers 359 21. \$4044 7.6% yes \$12900 19.33% 8.5 - 3% Operatives 346 96/4 21. Craftsmen 196 Laborers 449 22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
Laborers 330 Operatives 351  20. \$4444 5.8% no \$14200 26.66% 8.9 +65% Laborers 214 97/3 20. Craftsmen 141 Laborers 359  21. \$4044 7.6%, yes \$12900 19.33% 8.5 - 3% Operatives 346 Craftsmen 196 Laborers 449  22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
Operatives 351  20. \$4444 5.8% no \$14200 26.66% 8.9 +65% Laborers 214 97/3 20.  Craftsmen 141 Laborers 359  21. \$4044 7.6% yes \$12900 19.33% 8.5 - 3% Operatives 346  Craftsmen 196 Laborers 449  22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
20. \$4444 5.8% no \$14200 26.66% 8.9 +65% Laborers 214 97/3 20.  Craftsmen 141 Laborers 359  21. \$4044 7.6%, yes \$12900 19.33% 8.5 - 3% Operatives 346  Craftsmen 196 Laborers 449  22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
Craftsmen 141 Laborers 359 21. \$4044 7.6%, yes \$12900 19.33% 8.5 - 3% Operatives 346 96/4 21.  Craftsmen 196 Laborers 449 22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
Laborers 359 21. \$4044 7.6%, yes \$12900 19.33% 8.5 - 3% Operatives 346 96/4 21.  Craftsmen 196 Laborers 449 22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
21. \$4044 7.6%, yes \$12900 19.33% 8.5 - 3% Operatives 346 96/4 21.  Craftsmen 196  Laborers 449  22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
Craftsmen 196 Laborers 449 22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
Laborers 449 22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
22. \$4021 6.5% yes \$10000 42.52% 8.6 + 9% Operatives 385 99/1 22.
Craicsnen 2//
Laborers 980
23. \$4093 7.0% yes \$11300 29.29% 9.3 +25% Operatives 961 99/1 23.
2). 3409) 7.0% yes 311)00 29.29% 9.5 25% Operacives 901 9971 25.  Craftsmen 751
Craftsmen 665
24. \$6008 2.63 no \$12300 5.68% 9.3 n.a. Operatives 433/99. 24.
Laborers 155
Craftsmen 685
25. \$6865 .1% no \$14100 7.17% 11.1 +21% Operatives 547/99 25.
l'an.261/Prof.252
Craftsmen 1049
26. \$6918 1.7% no \$14000 12.53% 10.8 n.a. Operatives 747/99 26.
Prof.271/Lab.268
Craftsmen 612
27. \$6968 2.0% yes 14100 5.46% 12.0 +15% Operatives 434/99 27.
Profess, 219
ÄÖ "
one jority l939 fouses: oied Thange So ales io
် ကို သို့ရာ သို့ရာ မြောင်း မ
Number Income  : Majority pre-1939 pre-1939 pre-1939 ion Houses: Occupied counied ing: Median ing: Median ing: Median ing: Males ind, 3rd gr. Males ind, 3rd ing. Males ind, 3rd i
de on so do do de
Num
भ रहे । ए. यु (9 नि ४ ) से से महा महिल्ली है ।
Tract Number  Median Income  Unuses: Majority Suilt pre-1939 Valuation Houses: Owner Occupied  Houses: % Deterio ating, Delapidate 25chooling: Median Years  Population Change 1950-1960 Occupations: 18t, 2nd, 3rd ranking; Males facial Ratio Black/white Tract Number
Tract Number  Tract Number  Hedian Income  Houses: Major  Suilt pre-193  Waluation Hou  Waluation Ch  Yaluation Ch  1950-1960  Schooling: Me  ating, Delapi  ating, Delapi  Tract Sumber  Black/white

Calculated from: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, <u>Censuses</u> of Population and Housing: 1960 (Washington: U.S. Government Printing Office).

#### Who Lives Where?

Role-play what you think the family members, as described below, might say during the family dinner in connection with the given situation. Consider attitudes, desires, goals, and problems each member might express, how they might see and evaluate the situation and the other family members.

Family: Akins (Negroid)

The Akins family arrived in Gary two days ago. Mr. Akins has accepted the position of city engineer. They have been living in Hartford, Connecticut. The family is seeking applace to live. Where might they want to live? What problems might they have to plan to face? How might they prepare to face those problems?

Father: Bruce. College education. Interests include modern music and art, especially his collection of African crafts.

Mother: Penny. College education - teacher. Interests include music, especially tribal songs from Africa, and sewing.

Son: Jimmy. Interests include basketball, rockets, and math. Age 15. Daughter: Wanda. Interests include art-and dance. Age 16.

Family: Bricks (Caucasoid)

The Bricks family lives in tract 2. Mr. Bricks is one of the vice-presidents of U. S. Steel. The family moved from Alabama, where they had lived all their lives, last year. There is an empty house next to them which has just become available for sale, but is not yet on the open market. The house is an excellent buy. How might these family members react to informing the Akins about the empty house?

Father: John. College education. Interests include golf, yachting, and modern art. Activities include an appointed position on the city council of Gary.

Mother: Priscilla. (nee Davis - descendent of Jefferson Davis;
Interests include golf, geneology, and the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

Sons: Bill and Barry, twin boys aged 15. Interests include basketball, hot-rods, and science.

Family: Cassidy (Caucasoid)

The Cassidy family lives on the other side of the empty house in tract 2. Tom Cassidy is the head of the Welfare Department of Gary. The family moved from New York City eight years ago. Tom met Bruce at lunch today. How might these family members react to informing the Akins about the house?

Father: Thomas. College education. Interests include colonial artifacts, woodworking and archery.

Mother: Suzanne. Interior decorator. Interests include art history, conservation and conservation education.

Son: Brad. Interests include art, history, and the out-of-doors, especially wild life photography and hiking. Age 17.

Daughter: Yevonne. Interests Include art, science, and rock music.
Age 14.

